

FCL examples & SystemC assertions

Ex-1 implementation

```
#include "tvm_func_cov.h"
```

```
COVER_GROUP_START(Arith)
```

```
int add;  
int sub;  
int mul;  
int type;
```

Sampling Variables

```
bool b_t;  
bool b_a;  
bool b_s;  
bool b_m;
```

Variables for conditional coverage

```
COVER_POINT_ST(TypeID)  
  BINS(type, "[0:3]")  
COVER_POINT_END
```

```
COVER_POINT_ST(ADD)  
  BINS(add, "(0)")  
COVER_POINT_END
```

```
COVER_POINT_ST(SUB)  
  BINS(sub, "(0)")  
COVER_POINT_END
```

```
COVER_POINT_ST(MUL)  
  BINS(mul, "(0)")  
COVER_POINT_END
```

```
ADD_COVER_POINT  
  COVER_POINT(TypeID, type, 2)  
  COVER_POINT(ADD, add, 1)  
  COVER_POINT(SUB, sub, 1)  
  COVER_POINT(MUL, mul, 1) COVER_POINT(CP, sampling  
                                         variable, width)  
END_COVER_POINT  
  
SAMPLE_COVER_POINT  
if(b_t){  
  SAMPLE(TypeID)  
  b_t = false;  
}  
if(b_a){  
  SAMPLE(ADD)  
  b_a = false;  
}  
if(b_s){  
  SAMPLE(SUB)  
  b_s = false;  
}  
if(b_m){  
  SAMPLE(MUL)  
  b_m = false;  
}  
END_SAMPLE_COVER_POINT  
  
COVER_GROUP_END
```

Ex-1 Cov Collection

```
class Arith;

template <class T>
class ArithmeticOps{
    ArithmeticOps(){}
public:
    T a;
    T b;
    Arith cg;
    ArithmeticOps(std::string name):
        cg("Arith"){

        cg.b_t = false;
        cg.b_a = false;
        cg.b_s = false;
        cg.b_m = false;
        name = "file." + name;
        cg.set_db_name(name.c_str());
        cg.add_cover_point();
        if(typeid(a)==typeid(int)){
            cg.type = 0;
            cg.b_t = true;
            cg.sample();
        } else if(typeid(a)==typeid(long)){
            cg.type = 1;
            cg.b_t = true;
            cg.sample();
        } else if(typeid(a)==typeid(float)){
            cg.type = 2;
            cg.b_t = true;
            cg.sample();
        }
    }
};
```

Setting file name
for coverage file
and setting
Cover points

```
        } else if(typeid(a)==typeid(double)){
            cg.type = 3;
            cg.b_t = true;
            cg.sample();
        }
    }

    T add(){
        cg.b_a = true;
        cg.add = 0;
        cg.sample();
        return (a+b);
    }

    T sub(){
        cg.b_s = true;
        cg.sub = 0;
        cg.sample();
        return ((a-b)>(b-a)?(a-b):(b-a));
    }

    T mul(){
        cg.b_m = true;
        cg.mul = 0;
        cg.sample();
        return (a*b);
    }

    void dump(){
        cg.display();
    }
};
```

Sampling
the CG

Writing out
the sampled
coverage

Here the coverage collection is implemented
directly in our DUT itself

Ex-2 implementation

```
#include "tvm_func_cov.h"
```

```
COVER_GROUP_START(Data)
```

```
int i1;  
int i2;  
int op;
```

```
COVER_POINT_ST(Input1)  
  EX_AUTO_BINS(ip1) }  
COVER_POINT_END
```

Will create an
exhaustive bin
where each value
possible will be a
separate bin

```
COVER_POINT_ST(Input2)  
  EX_AUTO_BINS(ip2)  
COVER_POINT_END
```

```
COVER_POINT_ST(Output)  
  EX_AUTO_BINS(opt)  
COVER_POINT_END
```

```
CROSS_COVERPOINT(Input1_Input2)  
  CROSS(2,"Input1","Input2") }  
CROSS_COVERPOINT_END
```

Crossing 2
Cover
Points. N-
way
possible

```
ADD_COVER_POINT
```

```
COVER_POINT(Input1,i1,8)  
COVER_POINT(Input2,i2,8)  
COVER_POINT(Output,op,8)  
CROSS_COVER_POINT(Input1_Input2)
```

```
END_COVER_POINT
```

```
SAMPLE_COVER_POINT
```

```
SAMPLE(Input1)  
SAMPLE(Input2)  
SAMPLE(Output)  
SAMPLE_CROSS(Input1_Input2)
```

```
END_SAMPLE_COVER_POINT
```

```
COVER_GROUP_END
```

Ex-2 Cov Collection

```
int main(){
    Data datas("data");
    datas.set_db_name("file2.data");
    datas.add_cover_point();
    int x = 100;
    int y = 200;

    ArithmeticOps<int> ar("int_type");
    ar.a = x;
    ar.b = y;
    datas.i1 = x;
    datas.i2 = y;
    datas.op = ar.add();
    datas.sample();

    x = 5;
    y = 3;
    ar.a = x;
    ar.b = y;
    datas.i1 = x;
    datas.i2 = y;
    datas.op = ar.sub();
    datas.sample();
```

```
    datas.op = ar.mul();
    datas.sample();
```

```
    x = 10;
    y = 9;
    ar.a = x;
    ar.b = y;
    datas.i1 = x;
    datas.i2 = y;
    datas.op = ar.mul();
    datas.sample();
```

```
    ar.dump();
```

SystemC assertions

- `Sc_assert()` is an extended version version of `assert()` from the standard C Library. It a Macro that calls `SC_REPORT_FATAL` if condition in `sc_assert` given by the user evaluated to `FALSE`.
- E.g
- `sc_assert(i!=10); //Fails if i==10`
- `sc_assert(obj != NULL); //checking pointer obj !NULL`